

1. An isolated nucleic acid molecule selected from the group consisting of:
  - a) a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence which is at least 85% identical to the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:6, the cDNA insert of the plasmid deposited with the ATCC as Accession Number 98820, or a complement thereof;
  - b) a nucleic acid molecule comprising a fragment of at least 300 nucleotides of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:6, the cDNA insert of the plasmid deposited with the ATCC as Accession Number 98820, or a complement thereof;
  - c) a nucleic acid molecule which encodes a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:5, an amino acid sequence encoded by the cDNA insert of the plasmid deposited with the ATCC as Accession Number 98820;
  - d) a nucleic acid molecule which encodes a fragment of a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:5, or the amino acid sequence of the polypeptide encoded by the cDNA insert of the plasmid deposited with the ATCC at Accession Number 98820, wherein the fragment comprises at least 15 contiguous amino acids of SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:5, or the polypeptide encoded by the cDNA insert of the plasmid deposited with the ATCC as Accession Number 98820; and
  - e) a nucleic acid molecule which encodes a naturally occurring allelic variant of a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:5, or the amino acid sequence encoded by the cDNA insert of the plasmid deposited with the ATCC as Accession Number 98820, wherein the nucleic acid molecule hybridizes to a nucleic acid molecule comprising SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:6 or a complement thereof under stringent conditions.

2. The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, which is selected from the group consisting of:

- a) a nucleic acid comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:6, the cDNA insert of the plasmid deposited with the ATCC as Accession Number 98820, or a complement thereof; and
- b) a nucleic acid molecule which encodes a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:5, or the amino acid sequence encoded by the cDNA insert of the plasmid deposited with the ATCC as Accession Number 98820.

3. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 further comprising vector nucleic acid sequences.

4. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 further comprising nucleic acid sequences encoding a heterologous polypeptide.

5. A host cell which contains the nucleic acid molecule of claim 1.

6. The host cell of claim 5 which is a mammalian host cell.

7. A non-human mammalian host cell containing the nucleic acid molecule of claim 1.

8. An isolated polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:

a) a fragment of a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2 or SEQ ID NO:4, wherein the fragment comprises at least 15 contiguous amino acids of SEQ ID NO:2 or SEQ ID NO:5;

5 b) a naturally occurring allelic variant of a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:5, or an amino acid sequence encoded by the cDNA insert of the plasmid deposited with the ATCC as Accession Number 98820, wherein the polypeptide is encoded by a nucleic acid molecule which hybridizes to a nucleic acid molecule comprising SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID  
10 NO:6, or a complement thereof under stringent conditions; and

c) a polypeptide which is encoded by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence which is at least 85% identical to a nucleic acid comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:6 or a complement thereof.

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9. The isolated polypeptide of claim 8 comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:5, or the amino acid sequence encoded by the cDNA insert of the plasmid deposited with the ATCC as Accession Number 98820.

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10. The polypeptide of claim 8 further comprising heterologous amino acid sequences.

11. An antibody which selectively binds to a polypeptide of claim 8.

12. A method for producing a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:

a) a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:5, or an amino acid sequence encoded by the cDNA insert of the plasmid

5 deposited with the ATCC as Accession Number 98820;

b) a polypeptide comprising a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:5, or the amino acid sequence encoded by the cDNA insert of the plasmid deposited with the ATCC as Accession Number 98820, wherein the fragment comprises at least 15 contiguous amino acids of SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:5 or the

10 amino acid sequence encoded by the cDNA insert of the plasmid deposited with the ATCC as Accession Number 98820; and

c) a naturally occurring allelic variant of a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:5, or the amino acid sequence encoded by the cDNA insert of the plasmid deposited with the ATCC as Accession Number 98820, wherein the polypeptide is encoded by a nucleic acid molecule which hybridizes to a nucleic acid molecule comprising SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:6 or a complement thereof under stringent conditions;

comprising culturing the host cell of claim 5 under conditions in which the nucleic acid molecule is expressed.

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13. A method for detecting the presence of a polypeptide of claim 8 in a sample, comprising:

a) contacting the sample with a compound which selectively binds to a polypeptide of claim 8; and

25 b) determining whether the compound binds to the polypeptide in the sample.

14. The method of claim 13, wherein the compound which binds to the polypeptide is an antibody.

30 15. A kit comprising a compound which selectively binds to a polypeptide of claim 8 and instructions for use.

16. A method for detecting the presence of a nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 in a sample, comprising the steps of:

- 5 a) contacting the sample with a nucleic acid probe or primer which selectively hybridizes to the nucleic acid molecule; and
- b) determining whether the nucleic acid probe or primer binds to a nucleic acid molecule in the sample.

10 17. The method of claim 16, wherein the sample comprises mRNA molecules and is contacted with a nucleic acid probe.

18. A kit comprising a compound which selectively hybridizes to a nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 and instructions for use.

15 19. A method for identifying a compound which binds to a polypeptide of claim 8 comprising the steps of:

- a) contacting a polypeptide, or a cell expressing a polypeptide of claim 8 with a test compound; and
- 20 b) determining whether the polypeptide binds to the test compound.

20. The method of claim 19, wherein the binding of the test compound to the polypeptide is detected by a method selected from the group consisting of:

- a) detection of binding by directly detecting binding of the test compound to the polypeptide;
- 25 b) detection of binding using a competition binding assay;
- c) detection of binding using an assay for TANGO-93-mediated signal transduction.

21. A method for modulating the activity of a polypeptide of claim 8 comprising contacting a polypeptide or a cell expressing a polypeptide of claim 8 with a compound which binds to the polypeptide in a sufficient concentration to modulate the activity of the polypeptide.

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22. A method for identifying a compound which modulates the activity of a polypeptide of claim 8, comprising:

- a) contacting a polypeptide of claim 8 with a test compound; and
  - b) determining the effect of the test compound on the activity of the
- 10 polypeptide to thereby identify a compound which modulates the activity of the polypeptide.

23. A method comprising:

- a) exposing a test compound to a cell encoding TANGO-93;
  - b) determining the effect of the test compound on TANGO-93 expression;
- 15 and
- c) identifying a compound that reduces TANGO-93 expression as a candidate compound for treating an inflammatory disorder.

20 24. A method comprising:

- a) exposing a test compound to a cell encoding TANGO-93;
  - b) determining the effect of the test compound on TANGO-93 expression;
  - c) identifying a compound that reduces TANGO-93 expression;
  - d) administering the compound identified in step c) as to a non-human
- 25 mammal harboring a TANGO-93 gene;
- e) determining the effect of the test compound on the expression of TANGO-93 in the non-human mammal; and
  - f) identifying a test compound that reduces TANGO-93 expression in the non-human test mammal as a candidate treatment for an inflammatory disorder.

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25. A method comprising:

- a) exposing a test compound to a cell encoding TANGO-93;
- b) determining the effect of the test compound on TANGO-93 activity; and
- c) identifying a compound that reduces TANGO-93 activity as a candidate compound for treating an inflammatory disorder.

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26. A method comprising:

- a) exposing a test compound to a cell encoding TANGO-93;
- b) determining the effect of the test compound on TANGO-93 activity;
- c) identifying a compound that reduces TANGO-93 activity;
- 10 d) administering the compound identified in step c) as to a non-human mammal harboring a TANGO-93 gene;
- e) determining the effect of the test compound on the activity of TANGO-93 in the non-human mammal; and
- f) identifying a test compound that reduces TANGO-93 activity in the non-15 human test mammal as a candidate treatment for an inflammatory disorder.

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27. A method comprising administering a test compound identified in any one of claims 23-26 a candidate treatment for an inflammatory disorder to a non-human mammal that is a model of an inflammatory disorder and assessing the effect of the compound on the inflammatory disorder.

28. The method of claim 27 wherein the inflammatory disorder is selected from the group consisting of rheumatoid arthritis and ulcerative colitis.